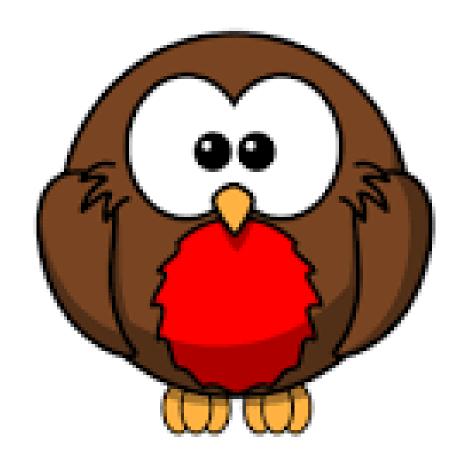


# Parent Handbook



Robins class 2019-2020

Welcome to Houghton Conquest Lower School and your child's first year of Primary Education. I am sure we are in for an exciting year of growth and development. I know I am very much looking forward to it.

A key element to ensuring this year is as successful as possible for your child is a strong link between home and school. I will be sending home reading books, sound books and sight words to practise regularly at home. You can also find more ideas in this booklet to help support your child's learning further at home. Should you need to contact me you can do so by informing the school office, writing a note and putting this in your child's book bag via telephone call. I am always available at home time each day for short messages or you can also ask for an appointment if more time is needed. Urgent messages should be delivered to the school office.

This term parent consultations will take place on the following dates:

Tuesday 15<sup>th</sup> October 2019, 3.40pm Thursday 17<sup>th</sup> October 2019, 5.00pm

These will allow for a fantastic opportunity to discuss your child's progress and see their work. Information regarding appointment times will be given out nearer the time.

Thank you for your support

Miss L Crowhurst
Robins Class Teacher

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- Helping Your Child at Home Early Years Foundation Stage Areas of Development

## **Robins Timetable**

			9:10-9.30	9:30 – 10:30				10.45- 11.45			1:30- 1:45	1:45 – 2:45	2:45- 3:00	3:00-3:15
Monday	9:00		Phonics 1	Literacy		10:30 - 10:45 11:00		Maths	13:15	13:30	Handwriting Input whole class	Continuous Provision / Reading 1:1	Show & Tell / Learning Logs	Story & home things
Tuesday		-9:10	Phonics 2	Maths	10:30		10:45 - 11:00	Literacy			Handwriting group Forest School	Continuous Provision / Reading 1:1	Show & Tell / Learning Logs	Story & home things
Wednesday	Early work 8:50 -	Registration 9:00 -	PE			Assembly 10:30 -	Morning Break 10:45	PE		Registration 13:15 -	Phonics 3	Continuous Provision / Reading 1:1	Show & Tell / Learning Logs	Story & home things
Thursday			Phonics 4	Literacy			ICT	Handwriting group Forest School 2			Continuous Provision / Reading 1:1	Show & Tell / Learning Logs	Story & home things	
Friday			Phonics 5	Maths				Library Friend on Friday			Handwriting group	Continuous Provision / Reading 1:1	Show & Tell / Learning Logs	Story & home things

# Snapshot of Key Information



### Our Golden Rules

We are gentle - We don't hurt others

We are kind and helpful - we don't hurt anybody's feelings

We listen – we don't interrupt

We are honest - we don't cover up the truth

We work hard - we don't waste our own or other's time

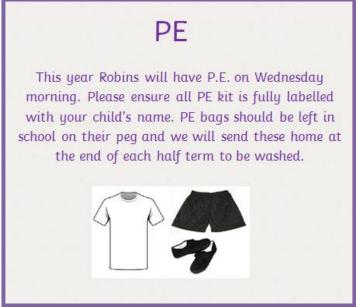
We look after property - we don't waste or damage things

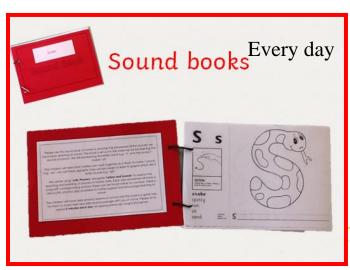


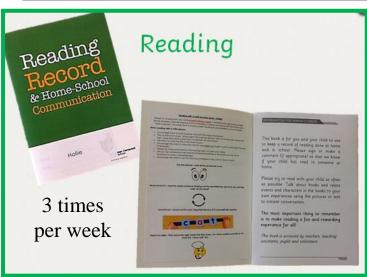
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nonics

This year we are sending home sound books for you to practise the phonemes (letter sounds) we have been learning at school. The book is set out in the order we will be learning the sounds at school. We will be learning the letter name e.g. 'A' and the sound it makes 'ah'. The children will learn that 2 letters can work together as a team to make 1 sound e.g. 'ee', we call these digraphs. They will also begin to learn tri-graphs which are 3 letter sounds e.g. 'igh'.

We will be using 'Jolly Phonics' alongside 'Letters and Sounds' to support the teaching and learning of phonics in Robins class. Each new phoneme will have a song with corresponding actions, these can be found online on youtube. There is also a jolly phonics app available to further support and encourage learning at home.

The children will have daily phonics lessons at school and this book is a great way for them to share their new skills and knowledge with you at home. Please try to spend **5 minutes** each day recapping previously taught phonemes.

### Our School Reading Scheme Explained

Our reading books are arranged into colour coded boxes which link to the phases of phonics outlined by "Letters and Sounds". This way, a child should be able to sound out/ read each word in accordance with their knowledge of Phonics.

Our scheme does not use the level or stage used by book publishers. Most publishers organise their reading schemes according to their own levelling system so a 'Stage 2' book from one publisher is often not at the same level as a 'Stage 2' book from a different publisher.

Our books are colour-coded according to the level of the vocabulary used in EACH book and therefore books apparently in the same publisher level could be colour coded differently. This also lessens the impact of text size and the number of pictures in a book. Larger text and many pictures do not necessarily mean the book is only suitable for younger children – this is a common misconception.

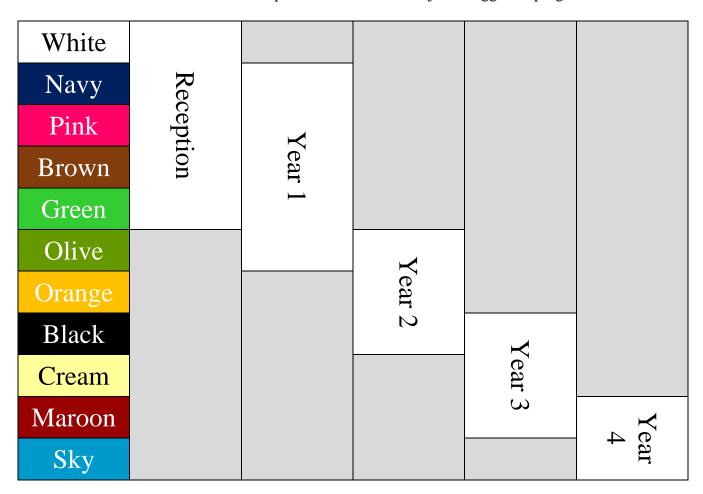
Each class has its own selection of books from which the teacher will decide on the most appropriate book for your child. Children move onto a different level according to the development of many skills, not just being able to read all the words. There are some reading questions in this booklet to help you discuss stories and books.

If your child brings home a book which they have read previously, use the opportunity to talk about it – why have they chosen it again, can they remember what happened? Remember, we all like to re-read a good book!

Please encourage your child to read lots of different books at home. The children need to discuss many different stories and texts so I would not recommend buying reading scheme books for home.

# Our School Reading Scheme Colours

All children are different so please remember this is just a suggested progression.





### Reading Strategies

Following our whole school approach to the teaching of reading, and to ensure children are prepared for the National Curriculum as they move into Year One, children in Robins will be taught to read using phonics as the prime strategy.

Children will learn the letters and corresponding sounds and develop the skill of blending the sounds into words for reading, establishing the habit of applying this skill whenever they encounter new words.

They will be supported by practise in reading books consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and skill. As their phonic knowledge increases, they will start to learn sight words or 'tricky words' which do not follow the phonic rules and need to be recognised by sight.

## Sight words

I	he	they	said	come	out	looked
no	she	you	have	were	what	called
go	we	all	like	there	oh	could
into	me	are	SO	little	their	asked
the	be	my	do	one	people	Mrs
to	was	her	some	when	Mr	

Sight words will be sent out weekly as your child's phonics knowledge develops. We will test these every Tuesday so please try to practise them at home regularly. There are lots of fun ways you can do this such as making up games with them or writing them using different media and materials such as sand or with water and a paintbrush on the patio.

Alongside their phonics learning, children will hear, share and discuss a wide range of high-quality books to develop a love of reading and broaden their vocabulary. Please try to read with your child a minimum of 3 times per week at home.

# How can I help my child with reading?

Please try to read with your child <u>at least 3 times a week</u>. 5 minutes is enough to encourage steady progress while developing a love of reading. Children will also benefit from listening to stories regularly. This helps them to build a wider vocabulary and develop a love of books.

#### When reading with a child please:

- Encourage them to hold the book and turn the pages themselves.
- Discuss the front cover. What might the book be about? Who could the main characters be? Have they read a book like this before? By this author?
- Ask them to read the title of the book to you.
- Encourage the child to follow the text by using their own finger to point underneath the text if necessary.
- Please do make comments in the reading diary and sign your name.
- Discuss the content/pictures/themes/characters/settings in the books and ask lots of questions to check comprehension.
- Encourage the child to use the following strategies if they cannot read a word:

Use the pictures – look at the pictures for clues.



Read around it – read the whole sentence (leaving out the word that they are stuck on), can they work out the word?



Sound it out – sound out the word using their phonics (if it is phonetically regular).



Read it on sight – think about the sight words that they know. Do I know another word like it "if I know wire" etc.



### Learning Logs / Show and Tell

As part of the Communication and Language Area of Learning, your child will have the opportunity to speak to the rest of their class for about 2 or 3 minutes every week. When listening, they will have the opportunity to respond to ideas expressed by their peers. We will have a fortnightly rotation of show and tell / learning logs, dates for the Autumn term can be found below.

#### **Learning Logs**

In the Learning Log just a couple of drawings/photographs with a caption or two will be sufficient. If your child wants to do more than this, please use no more than the double page with the topic label. We aren't judging the best handwriting or spelling, we are looking for imaginative ideas expressed by the children through pictures and words. We hope you will enjoy spending time with your child talking about each learning log topic with your child. Just a reminder these are not compulsory, however they do play a huge part in developing the children's confidence, fine motor and communication and language skills.

When completing learning logs please,

- encourage children to sound out words for themselves rather than just giving them words to trace or copy.
- use coloured pencils or crayons to colour
- use a **separate** piece of paper if you would like to use felt-tips or paints, and stick this in
- feel free to stick in items such as tickets, photographs, leaflets, stickers, natural objects etc.

#### **Show and Tell**

For the weeks when there are no Learning Logs in school, children may bring **one** item in to show their peers and to talk about. This item may remain in school for **a few days** until it has been shared with the rest of the class.

Show and Tell /Learning Log	Date to be handed in Week beginning					
Show and Tell	16 <sup>th</sup> September 2019					
My family Learning Log	23 <sup>rd</sup> September 2019					
Show and Tell	30 <sup>th</sup> September 2019					
Harvest Learning Log	7 <sup>th</sup> October 2019					
Show and Tell	14 <sup>th</sup> October 2019					
Half Term						
My Half Term Learning Log	28 <sup>th</sup> October 2019					
Show and Tell	4 <sup>th</sup> November 2019					
Seasons – Autumn to Winter Learning Log	11 <sup>th</sup> November 2019					
Show and Tell	18 <sup>th</sup> November 2019					
Birthdays Learning Log	25 <sup>th</sup> November 2019					
Show and Tell	2 <sup>nd</sup> December 2019					
Christmas Learning Log	9 <sup>th</sup> December 2019					
Show and Tell	16 <sup>th</sup> December 2019					

Handwriting

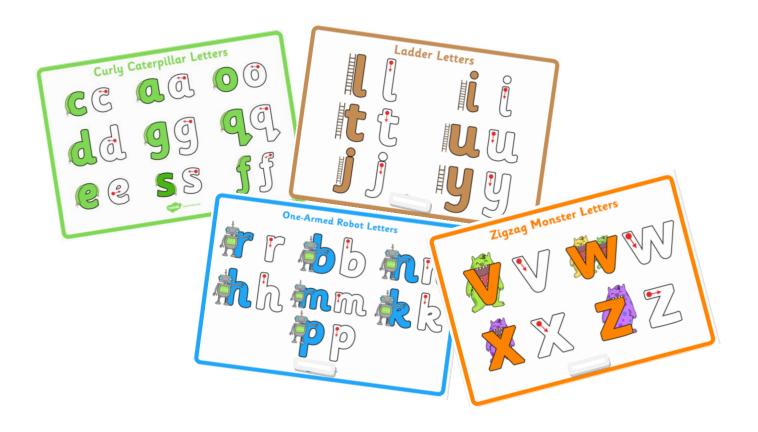
Pattern practise and 'play' writing is an important part of handwriting development. Your child will be practising letter formation in a number of exciting ways: in sand, using paint and chalk, on the interactive whiteboard as well as on paper with a pencil!

As your child takes more interest in writing and begins to form recognisable letters, ask these questions to support correct letter formation:

- ❖ Where does the letter start?
- ❖ What type of letter is it? See the letter families below. Is it a Zig Zag monster or perhaps a Ladder letter?

We use the Cambridge Penpals scheme throughout the school for handwriting. Through this scheme letter formation should become familiar and secure.

To support and encourage the correct letter formation we categorise letters into four groups:



### **Mathematics**

Throughout Reception children will become confident with counting and recognising numbers, they will begin to look at addition and subtraction, particularly one more and one less and will be given the opportunity to explore shape, space and measure through practical experiences.

As a school we are focussing on the Mastery approach to Mathematics. This is a method of teaching that promotes learning through clearly embedding and exploring mathematical concepts, allowing children to realise patterns and relationships when working with number to fully embed their knowledge and ability to manipulate numbers.

Maths lessons generally follow very clear stages of skill development where children are able to explore new concepts in a manner that best suits them. Children are given the opportunity to explore through three key methods;

- Concrete: Using manipulative objects and practical representations to solve problems.
- Pictorial: Using visual structures and templates to organise reasoning through visual representations or drawings.
- Abstract: The written form or a number sentence, using symbols and numbers to explore or communicate a problem (e.g. 3+1=4)

Throughout the reception year the key focus will be on the Concrete method of learning, however pupils will always be given the opportunity to use Pictorial and Abstract methods to explore and demonstrate their understanding.

An example of Concrete working in Reception:

"Child A is playing with three trains. The adult introduces the language of one more and asks the child how many they would have if they added one more train. The child finds another train. The child then counts the trains to discover they now have four trains. The adult asks the child what happened when they got another train. The child and adult work together to explain that three trains and one more train is the same as four trains."

To further challenge the child they could explore this concept deeper by continuing to add another one again or could repeat the challenge at another time using a **P**ictorial method:

"Child A has drawn a picture of three apples. The adult asks the child how many apples he would have if he drew one more. The child then draws another apple and counts the total number, equalling four. Together the adult and child discuss that three apples and one more is the same as having four apples."

Other Pictorial methods could include using part whole models:

Through this method the child could draw their three trains in one of the smaller circles, one more in the other then the total number of trains in the largest of the circles.

Part - Part - Whole

There are many other Pictorial methods that your child will be introduced to during the reception year however it is likely most children will continue to use Concrete methods.

If the same child were to record their problem solving using the **A**bstract method, they would simply communicate their problem through the use of an **A**bstract number sentence:

$$3 + 1 = 4$$

Knowing that they began with three objects and added one more to make a total sum of four trains. To reach this stage the child would have been taught to fully understand the symbols used as well as how to read the sentence. As with word reading we usually read a number sentence from left to right, therefore this **A**bstract method could be verbally read as "Three and one is the same as four."

### Helping Your Child at Home

Supporting the 7 areas of learning in the EYFS

#### Personal, Social and Emotional Development

- Encourage your child to say please and thank you.
- ➤ When playing with your child, support them in sharing toys.
- Allow them to choose some toys themselves and reflect on opinions about these toys; e.g. this is my favourite doll/car.
- > Try to support your child in taking turns with others.

#### **Communication and Language**

- > Spend lots of time talking and listening to your child as you go about everyday activities, such as preparing meals, putting shopping away, etc. Explain what you are doing.
- Listen to your child explaining how they do an activity e.g. how they made a model or played a game.
- Ask your child 'why' questions, e.g. why do they need to brush their teeth? Why do they wear a coat when it's cold outside?
- Read aloud and share books as often as possible, discussing what happens in the stories and what they think might happen.

#### **Physical Development**



- Encourage your child to handle small and large equipment.
- Ensure your child can dress and undress themselves independently, including doing zips and buttons as this is a big part of achieving their early learning goal at the end of the year.
- Ensure that your child is able to go to the toilet unaided.
- ➤ Allow your child to use scissors and develop their skills.
- ➤ Allow your child to run, hop, skip, jump and find different ways of travelling.
- ➤ Discuss changes to their bodies after exercise; heart beating faster, feeling hot, needing a drink, etc.
- Discuss how they keep themselves healthy e.g. eating a balanced diet, drinking plenty of water, getting enough sleep, washing their hands after going to the toilet and before eating, etc.

#### **Literacy – Reading and Writing**

- Encourage your child to read at every opportunity.
- ➤ Play word games such as 'I spy' to increase vocabulary and identify sounds.
- ➤ Sing alphabet songs and talk about the names of the letters and the sounds that they make try to think of words that begin with that sound.
- Make shapes of letters out of play dough, write them in sand, write names in birthday cards.
- Encourage your child to sing/say songs and rhymes and tell you their own stories
- Ask your child about words that rhyme e.g. house and mouse.
- ➤ Provide your child with plenty of opportunities for making marks on paper, card, blackboards, etc.
- > Try and give them opportunities to 'write' for themselves lists, signs, cards and invitations.

#### **Mathematics**

- ➤ Practise counting groups of objects. Pose questions such as, how many altogether? Can we find half? How many would we have if we had 1 more or 1 less?
- Count out loud with your child saying the names of numbers clearly.
- ➤ Show numbers to your child, particularly those in the environment e.g. price labels, number plates, house numbers, road names, numbers in the aisles of the supermarket numbers are everywhere!
- > Sing songs or rhymes with numbers in them; 10 in the bed, 5 little ducks, 10 fat sausages, etc.
- 34333 358
- Read stories with numbers in them e.g. The Very Hungry Caterpillar.
- > Count using fingers as a visual aid.
- ➤ Encourage children to identify shapes around them, you'll be surprised what they find!
- > Enjoy using shapes and colours to make patterns using paint or felt tips.
- ➤ Apply mathematics to real life size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money.

#### **Understanding the World**

- Talk to your child about special times; birthdays, weddings, christenings and other key events in their lives and the lives of others they know.
- Encourage them to explore their surroundings, particularly outdoors in gardens, parks, woods, at the beach and so on.
- Talk to your child about the changing seasons and what happens to the weather, to plants, the clothes they wear, and so on.
- ➤ Allow them to use simple tools such as a small hand trowel to help with digging in the garden.





- > Encourage them to feel different textured objects and describe them e.g. rough cloth, smooth pebble, soft fur, etc.
- Let your child interact with technology in the home and out and about e.g. helping you to switch on the washing machine, change channel on the TV remote or use a parking ticket machine (great for mathematics too!).

#### **Expressive Arts and Design**



- Allow your child to listen to and sing songs and rhymes.
- Engage in role play with your child pretend to be a train driver and his passengers, or princesses at a party, or act out a story.
- Explore different media; paint, pencils, crayons. Let your child have a go and be prepared for a little mess!
- > Using scissors and glue, encourage cutting and sticking activities.
- > Dance to songs and make up actions to complement them e.g. Wheels on the Bus.

I have displayed the areas of assessment for the end of EYFS on the Robins classroom door, which is visible from the playground, so you can view these at school pick up time if you are interested ☺

I hope this Welcome booklet has been helpful and informative. If you do have any questions, concerns or queries then please do let me know and I will be happy to discuss these with you.

I look forward to a fantastic year, getting to know you and your child.

Best Wishes,

Miss L Crowhurst Robins Class Teacher

